YEAR 4	AUTUMN 1	AUTUMN 2	SPRING 1	SPRING 2	SUMMER 1	SUMMER 2	
	Exploring the	How have	Where does our	The Anglo-Saxons	Rivers	The Ancient	
	Rainforest	children's lives	food come from?			Maya	
		changed?					
SCIENCE	Living Things and	<u>Electricity</u>	Animals including	<u>Sound</u>	States of Matter		
2024-2025	their Habitats		<u>Humans</u>				
		Identify common		Identify how sounds	Compare and group		
	Recognise that	appliances that run	Describe the simple	are made, associating	according to whethe	r they are solids,	
	living things can be	on electricity	functions of the basic	some of them with	liquids or gases		
	grouped in a	Construct a simple	parts of the digestive	something vibrating		naterials change state	
	variety of ways	series electrical circuit,	system in humans	Recognise that	when they are heated		
	Explore and use	identifying and	Identify the different	vibrations from	measure or research	•	
	classification keys to	naming its basic parts,	types of teeth in	sounds travel through		n degrees Celsius (°C)	
	help group, identify	including cells, wires,	humans and their	a medium to the ear	Identify the part play		
	and name a variety	bulbs, switches and	simple functions	Find patterns	and condensation in	•	
	of living things in	buzzers	Construct and	between the pitch of	associate the rate of	evaporation with	
	their local and	Identify whether or	interpret a variety of	a sound and features	temperature.		
	wider environment	not a lamp will light	food chains,	of the object that			
	Recognise that	in a simple series	identifying producers,	produced it	The Water Cycle	Activity vioge	
	environments can	circuit, based on	predators and prey.	Find patterns between the volume	requiring to the state of the s		
	change and that this	whether or not the					
	can sometimes pose	lamp is part of a		of a sound and the			
	dangers to living	complete loop with a battery		strength of the vibrations that	thems and triplems to the state of the state	502	
	things.	Recognise that a		produced it	posndwiter		
		switch opens and		Recognise that			
		closes a circuit and		sounds get fainter as			
		associate this with		the distance from the			
		whether or not a		sound source			
		lamp lights in a		increases.			
		simple series circuit		mercuses.			
		Recognise some					
		common conductors			Scientific enquiry link	red to previous	
		and insulators, and			learning	ted to previous	
		associate metals with			ieai iiiig		

	being good conductors.			
HISTORY	How have children's lives changed? (Autumn 2) Investigate the changes in children's lives through time. Children learn how children's spare time, health and work have changed. Explore the most crucial change – work – in more detail, learning about a day in the life of a working child and the significance of Lord Shaftesbury and his impact.	British history 3: How hard was it to invade and settle in Britain? (Spring 2) NC: Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots Develop an understanding of why people invaded and settled. Learn about Anglo-Saxon beliefs and the spread of Christianity. Assess the contribution of the Anglo-Saxons to modern Britain.	How did the achievements of the Ancient Maya impact their society and beyond? KAPOW (2024-2025) NC: A non-European society that provides contrasts with British History-AD 900 Maya civilization Children explore the achievements of ancient peoples like the Maya by investigating historical and archaeological evidence. Through the observation and analysis of artefacts, children scrutinise their settlement strategies in rainforests, the cultural significance of chocolate and the impact of their beliefs, inventions and decline within and beyond their society.	
GEOGRAPHY	Why are rainforests important to us? (Autumn 1) Develop an understanding of biomes, ecosystems and tropics. Map features of the Amazon rainforest and learn about its layers Investigate how communities in Manaus use the Amazon's resources. Discuss the global human impact on the Amazon	Where does our food come from? (Spring 1) Look at the distribution of the world's biomes. Map food imports from around the world. Learning about trading fairly, Focusing on Côte d'Ivoire and cocoa beans. Exploring where the food for the children's school dinners comes from. Write a balanced argument of 'local versus global'.	What are rivers and how are they used? (Summer 1) Learn about rivers and their place in the water cycle. Name and locate the world's major rivers. Describe the 3 courses of a river. Identify human and physical features around a river. Understand how rivers are used.	

Carry out fieldwork to compare and





Suggest how a river environment might be improved.

contrast two types of forest

PHSE

Me and my Relationships

Explain what we mean by a 'positive, healthy relationship'. Give a lot of examples of how I can tell a person is feeling worried just by their body language. Say what I could do if someone was upsetting me or if I was being bullied. Explain what being 'assertive' means and give a few examples of ways of being assertive.

Valuing Difference

Say a lot of ways that people are different, including religious or cultural differences.



Explain why it's important to challenge stereotypes that might be applied to me or others.

Keeping Safe

Give examples of people or things that might influence someone to take risks (e.g. friends, peers, media, celebrities), but that people have choices about whether they take risks.

Say a few of the risks of smoking or

drinking alcohol on a person's body and give reasons for why most people choose not to smoke, or drink too much alcohol.

Give examples of positive and negative influences, including things that could

influence me when I

am making decisions.

Being My Best

Give a few examples of different things that I do already that help to me keep healthy.
Give different examples of some of the things that I do already to help look after my environment.



Growing and Changing

Label some parts of the body that only boys have and only girls have. List some of the reasons why a teenager might have these difficult feelings (e.g. conflict with parents). Explain why some people get married.



Rights and Respect

Explain how a 'bystander' can have a positive effect on negative behaviour they witness by working together to stop or change that behaviour. Explain how reports (TV, newspapers or their websites) can give messages that might influence how people think about things and why this might be a problem. Discuss decisions and choices about spending money. Managing money *Enterprise*

ART	Drawing: Power prints		Painting and mixed media: Light and dark		Sculpture and 3D: Mega materials	
	Using mechanical engravings as a starting point, pupils develop an awareness of proportion, composition and pattern in drawing and combine media for effect when developing a drawing into a print.		Developing skills in colour mixing, focussing on using tints and shades to create a 3D effect. Experimenting with composition and applying painting techniques to a personal still life piece.		Exploring how different materials can be shaped and joined and learning about techniques used by artists as diverse as Barbara Hepworth and Sokari Douglas-Camp, children create their own sculptures.	
DESIGN TECHNOLOGY	Investigate and model frame structures to improve their stability, then apply this research to design and create a stable, decorated pavilion. Textiles: Christmas DT week – Fastenings Sew an envelope shaped purse or wallet		Mechanical systems: Making a slingshot car Using a range of materials, design and make a car with a working slingshot mechanism and house the mechanism using a range of nets.		Cooking and Nutrition: Adapting a Recipe Work in groups to adapt an existing biscuit recipe, whilst considering the cost of the ingredients and other expenses against a set budget.	
COMPUTING	The Internet Creating media – Audio editing		Creating media – Photo editing	Repetition in shapes	Repetition in games	Data and info – Data logging
	Apply knowledge and understanding of networks, to appreciate the internet as a network of networks which	Examine devices capable of recording digital audio, which will include identifying the input device (microphone)	Develop an understanding of	Use repetition and loops within programming. Create programs by planning, modifying, and testing commands to create	Explore the concept of repetition in programming using the Scratch environment.	Consider how and why data is collected over time. Consider the senses humans use to experience the

how digital images

can be changed and

shapes and patterns.

and output devices

need to be kept

secure.

environment and

how computers can

		(speaker or	edited using Pinta ,			use special input
		, , ,	_			devices called
		headphones).	and how they can			
			then be resaved and			sensors to monitor
			reused.			the environment.
MUSIC	Composing: African Music	Musical Elements	<u>Music Trailblazers</u>	Recorder: Stage 2	Instrument Families	<u>Samba Band</u>
	* Use a pentatonic scale to compose short phrases. * Begin to consider the structure of different types of music. * Develop knowledge and understanding of the stories, origins, traditions, history and social context of a variety of music. * Listen to music from western classical tradition, and from	* Introduce minims. * Introduce time signatures. * Follow and perform from a simple rhythm score. * Introduce major and minor chords. * Introduce simple vocal harmony. * Perform as a choir.	* Perform melodies over drones. * Increase pitch accuracy. * Introduce rounds and duets. * Develop knowledge and understanding of the stories, origins, traditions, history and social context of a variety of music. * Listen to music from western classical tradition, and from film, popular music and	* Develop facility in the use of selected instruments over time. * Read and perform pitched stave notation within a small range. * Perform melodies using a note range of C – G as a class or in small groups. * Copy short melodic phrases from ear using a limited range of notes.	* Develop knowledge and understanding of the stories, origins, traditions, history and social context of a variety of music. * Listen to music from western classical tradition, and from film, popular music and world music. * Listen to a wide range of recorded performances. * Have opportunities to experience live music making.	* Improvise a melody using a fixed number of notes. * Begin to use simple rhythm notation to create short phrases. * Begin to consider the structure of different types of music. * Develop knowledge and understanding of the stories, origins, traditions, history and social context of a variety of music.
	film, popular music and world music.		world music.			
R.E. 2024-2025	How do ancient storicelebrations? (CL2.5) (Previously called -Hoimportant events removerements?)	ow are nembered in	Why do the lives of the Gurus inspire Sikh believers? (CL2.4) Why are Gurus at the heart of Sikh	New Unit How are the stories of Holy Week important to Christians? (FL2.14)	How do the five pillars of Islam guide Muslims through life? (CL2.3)	What faiths and beliefs can be found in our country and community? (CL2.1)
			belief and practice?	Awaiting info from new syllabus	Learn about Muslim beliefs and practices, including the belief in Allah	Learn about different places of worship in the

	as a representation	of hone joy	This unit explores the		and the importance	local and wider
	remembrance and r		concept of 'guru' in		of the Prophet	community and
	remembrance and r	enection.	Sikhism as an		Muhammad.	· ·
			introduction to Sikh			their significance to believers.
					Develop learning about the Five	This unit will be
			religious belief and		Pillars of Islam as a	
			practice. It aims for			enriched by visits
			pupils to be able to		way of focusing on	to different places
			link the significance		key beliefs for	of worship where
			of Sikh scripture, the		Muslims. Learn	possible, or
			Guru Granth Sahib,		about some key	alternatively, visits
			to ten Sikh gurus. It		teachings and	from members of
			begins by exploring		consider how these	faith communities
			the concept of 'guru'		affect the values	who will come into
			as a religious teacher		and lives of	school to discuss
			before introducing		believers.	what happens in
			Guru Nanak,		Learn specific	their place of
			focussing specifically		religious language	worship and why it
			on his experience of		related to Islam.	is important to
			God and		(Not covered in	them.
			subsequent teachings		Year 3)	
			about God and social			
			justice. It touches on			
			the idea of Guru		(
			succession, which			
			Guru Nanak			
			instigated at the end			
			of his life. The final			
			section examines the			
			creation, treatment,			
			role and significance			
			of the Guru Granth			
			Sahib – the Sikh holy			
			book.			
P.E.	PPA PE:	Teacher Led P.E:	Teacher Led P.E:	PPA P.E.:	Teacher Led PE:	Teacher Led PE:
	<u>Gymnastics</u>	(outdoors)	Tag Rugby	Badminton	Athletics (x3)	Cricket
	,	Hockey	(outdoors)			

T	T =	T =	T	I	1
Children will	Children will perform	Children will perform	Children use	Children will	Children will apply
become increasingly	basic hockey skills.	basic tag rugby skills.	forehand & backhand	investigate different	a range of cricket
competent in			shots.	ways of completing	skills.
performing skills.	Children will increase	Children will increase		running, jumping	
	their speed and	speed and endurance	Children explore and	and throwing	Children will
Children will use	endurance in game	in game play.	use different	activities.	choose and use a
compositional ideas	play.		badminton skills.		range of simple
and sequences.		Children will			tactics.
	Children will develop	implement rules and	Children will practice	Children will	
	tactics and apply	develop tactics in	some trick shots in	measure, time and	Children will
Children will	them in competitive	competitive	isolation.	compare runs,	consolidate and
perform in time	situations.	situations.		jumps and throws.	apply existing skills
with a partner and				' '	with consistency.
group.				OAA (x3)	
8.535.				<u> </u>	
PPA PE:			PPA PE:	Children will work	
Basketball			Dance	well in a group	
<u> </u>			<u>Dance</u>	with defined and	
			Children will work to	understood roles.	
Children will			include freeze frames	anacistoca rotesi	
demonstrate basic			in routines.	Children will plan	
skills such as			in routines.	and refine strategies	
dribbling, throwing,			Children will prostice	to solve problems.	
and shooting with			Children will practise	to solve problems.	
increased			and perform a	Children will	
confidence.			variety of different	identify the	
confidence.			formations in dance.	relevance of and	
Children will			Clast durant (1)	use maps, compass,	
develop a range of			Children will	and symbols.	
			sequence actions to	and symbols.	
ball handling skills.			show "flow".	Childrenill	
				Children will	
61.11				identify what they	
Children will use				do well and suggest	
footwork rules in a				what they could do	
game situation and				to improve.	
explore basic					
marking skills.					

MFL Niveau Blanc

Teach silent consonant 's' in Paris. Learn new νοcabulary: Bonjour, Au revoir, madame. monsieur. nounours. Learn to say your name and ask 'What is your name'. Learn more classroom phrases Revise numbers 0-10 and learn 11 and 12. Learn masculine animal names (nouns) and the indefinite article

un poisson

'*un*' plus the

conjunction 'ou'.



Teach the exception to the rule with silent final consonant – 'ours'.

Learn new masculine animal names and the colours bleu. rouge, jeune et vert. Learn to ask 'What is there in the garden?'. Dans le jardin, il y a un escargot et un ours.

Look at pictures of gardens in Paris. les Jardins du Trocadéro



Introduce feminine animal nouns. Explain that, in French, all nouns have a gender.

une abeille



Revise nouns and pronouns. Introduce the term 'cognate' a word in one language related to the origin of a word in another i.e. *parc* or café.

Practise using a speaking frame and a writing frame to help create sentences with correct syntax.

Grammar focus – learn adverbial phrases of place: dans la mer. dans les bois. Discuss French homophones la mère/la mer. Introduce feminine place names in Paris.

la Place de la Concorde



Learn questions words and answers. Where is...? What is your favourite animal? Do you like...? Revise grammatical terms: verbs, nouns (incl. plural form). pronouns, negative adverbs (je n'aime pas...) and elision the omission of a sound or syllable when speaking (c'est). Learn more place names in Paris - (le,

L'Île de la Cité

la and l').



Learn new vocabulary that you might find in a garden. Learn about possessive adjectives and gender:

my = mon, ma, mes; your = ton, ta, tes.

Understand the negative adverb and indefinite article rule: il n'v a pas *de* chaises or il n'v a pas d'arbres (elision when the noun starts with a vowel).

Use a speaking frame to ask: What is there in the garden? And to answer: In the garden, there is or there is not..... Use the conjunction 'et' in their sentences.

